

AMREF INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF NURSING & MIDWIFERY SCIENCES KRCHN (ECHN/ENM) UPGRADING END OF JANAURY-APRIL 2023 SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

COURSE CODE AND TITLE: DCHN 111 GENERAL NURSING

DATE: 11th April 2023

TIME: 2 Hours Start: 9:00 AM Finish: 11:00 AM

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This exam is marked out of 70 marks.

- 2. This exam has three sections: Section A, section B and section C.
- 3. All questions are compulsory.
- 4. Answer all questions in the booklet provided.

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

- 1. The six rights of medication administration include right client, right dose, right drug, right time, right route and right: -
 - A. Documentation
 - B. Age
 - C. Label
 - D. Strength
- 2. The following digoxin levels are therapeutic range: -
 - A. 0.4 ng/mL
 - B. 1.3 ng/mL
 - C. 2.8 ng/mL
 - D. 4.6 ng/mL
- 3. The number of tablets required to administer a 3.75 mg dose of prednisone from 2.5 mg tabs are: -
 - A. 0.5 tablet
 - B. 1 tablet
 - C. 1.5 tablets
 - D. 2 tablets
- 4. To avoid complications associated with insulin administration, the following precautions should be instituted: -
 - A. Rotate injection sites
 - B. Give sublingual sugar before administering insulin
 - C. Ensure skin antisepsis is done with plain water
 - D. Administer long acting insulin first
- 5. The following lab parameters should be closely monitored for a client on captopril: -
 - A. Potassium
 - B. Magnesium
 - C. Phosphorus
 - D. Calcium
- 6. The appropriate etiology for the nursing diagnosis below for a non-compliant patient with chronic hyperparathyroidism is Risk for injury related to: -.
 - A. Bone demineralization and weak bones
 - B. Exhaustion secondary to an accelerated metabolic rate
 - C. Edema and dry skin secondary to fluid infiltration into the interstitial spaces
 - D. Tetany secondary to a decreased serum calcium level.

- 7. A client with hypothyroidism is likely to present with: -
 - A. Increased appetite and weight loss
 - B. Puffiness of the face and hands
 - C. Nervousness and tremors
 - D. Thyroid gland
- 8. A 'Barrel Chest' is an indication of: -
 - A. Chronic Obstructive Disease
 - B. Pleural Effusion
 - C. Bronchial Asthma
 - D. Atelectasis
- 9. An ABG abnormality expected in a patient with COPD is increased: -
 - A. PaCO2
 - B. PaO2
 - C. pH
 - D. Oxygen saturation
- 10. T-cell maturation occurs in the: -
 - A. The lymph nodes
 - B. The thymus
 - C. The spleen
 - D. The cisterna chili
- 11. The following is not a function of the lymphatic system: -
 - A. Draining of interstitial fluid from tissues
 - B. Draining of interstitial fluid from tissues
 - C. Secondary gas exchange
 - D. Lymphocyte transport and activation
- 12. The following are drugs used for inhalation anesthesia: -
 - A. Enflurane, Mepiracaine
 - B. Nitrous Oxide, Halothane
 - C. Serolfurane, Thiopental
 - D. Midazolam, Procaine
- 13. The most critical preoperative nursing intervention is: -
 - A. Remove all jewelry or tape wedding ring
 - B. Verify that all laboratory workup is complete
 - C. Inform family or next of kin
 - D. Ensure all consent forms are signed

- 14. The primary purpose of maintaining NPO for 6 to 8 hours before surgery is: -
 - A. To prevent malnutrition
 - B. To prevent electrolyte imbalance
 - C. To prevent aspiration
 - D. To prevent loss of bowel sounds
- 15. The following nursing action is given highest priority when admitting a patient into the operating suite: -
 - A. Assessing level of consciousness
 - B. Checking vital signs
 - C. Verifying identity
 - D. Positioning patient on the operating table
- 16. An important component of the nursing assessment for a client diagnosed with osteoarthritis is assessment for: -
 - A. Anemia
 - B. Osteoporosis
 - C. Weight Loss
 - D. Local Joint pain
- 17. In a focused assessment for a client with an intra-capsular hip fracture, the following should be verified: -
 - A. Internal rotation
 - B. Muscle flaccidity
 - C. Shortening of affected leg
 - D. Absence of pain on fracture area
- 18. Post total hip replacement, following findings would indicate a neurological impairment in the affected extremity: -
 - A. Decreased distal pulse
 - B. Inability to move
 - C. Diminished capillary refill
 - D. Coolness to the touch
- 19. The following sign is indicative of impending organ failure in a client who develops compartment syndrome after a fracture: -
 - A. Crackles at fracture site
 - B. Jaundice
 - C. Generalized edema
 - D. Dark, scanty urine

- 20. Early morning periorbital edema is indicative of: -
 - A. Acute glomerulonephritis
 - B. Nephrotic syndrome
 - C. Urolithiasis
 - D. Pyelonephritis

SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 MARKS)

- 1. State five (5) critical components of a pre-operative check list, outlining the rationale for each (5 marks)
- 2. Outline five (5) infection prevention measures that are observed in operating room at all times. (5 marks)
- 3. State five (5) factors that promote bone healing (5 marks)
- 4. Outline five (5) risk factors associated with Osteoporosis. (5 marks)
- 5. Using Parklands Formula, Calculate the amount of Intravenous Fluid to be given in the first eight hours to a 34 kg patient with circumferential burns of the left and right upper limbs (5 Marks)
- 6. State five (5) clinical manifestations of acute renal failure (5 marks)

SECTION C: LONG ANSWER QUESTION (20 MARKS)

- 1. Mr. B, 29 years old is admitted to the Emergency department's acute care unit, unconscious with Severe Head Injury following a fall from a height.
 - a. List four (4) signs of increased intracranial pressure (2 Marks)
 - b. State three actual nursing diagnosis for Mr. B (3 Marks)
 - c. Describe the specific nursing interventions instituted for Mr. B to prevent increased intracranial pressure (15 Marks)