102106T4COH
COMMUNITY HEALTH LEVEL 6
HE/OS/CH/CC/05/6/A
Apply Basic Microbiology and Parasitology
July /Aug 2023



TVET CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT, ASSESSMENT AND CERTIFICATION COUNCIL (TVET CDACC)

WRITTEN ASSESSMENT

TIME: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This paper has two sections **A** and **B**
- 2. You are provided with a separate answer booklet.
- 3. Marks for each question are as indicated.
- 4. Do not write on the question paper

This paper consists of 3 printed pages

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all

pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing

(4 Marks)

SECTION A: (40 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section

1.	Define the following terms;	(5 Marks)	
	a) Parasitism		
	b) Microbe		
	c) Disease		
	d) Host		
	e) Gram stain technique		
2.	Bacteria are unicellular organisms existing in four major shapes. Highlight Fe	teria are unicellular organisms existing in four major shapes. Highlight FOUR major	
	bacterial shapes. (4	Marks)	
3.	Microorganisms are identified by observation of the symptoms of the disease	croorganisms are identified by observation of the symptoms of the disease caused, in	
	addition to the morphological characteristics by observation under the microscope. State		
	FOUR diagnostic tests. (4	Marks)	
4.	oper collection of an appropriate clinical specimen is the first step in obtaining an		
	accurate laboratory diagnosis of an infectious disease. Highlight THREE specimens that		
	can be used in a laboratory for diagnosis.	(3 Marks)	
5.	During the life cycle, a protozoan generally passes through several stages that differ in		
	structure and activity. Identify THREE different stages of protozoans affecting human		
	health.	(3 Marks)	
6.	Public health focuses on the prevention of disease and health promotion rath	er than the	
	diagnosis and treatment of diseases. Outline THREE levels of disease	prevention.	
		(3 Marks)	
7.	Differentiate between a definitive host and an intermediate host.	(2 Marks)	
8.	Microbes have optimal growth conditions under which they thrive, but once outside of		
	these conditions, the stress can result in either reduced or stalled growth, or death.		
	Identify FOUR factors that affect the growth of microbial organisms.	(4 Marks)	
9.	Highlight FOUR mechanisms parasites use to impose their effect on the host.	(4 Marks)	
10.	Distinguish between vertical direct contact transmission and horizontal direct contact		
	transmission.	(4 Marks)	

11. Plasmodium belongs to the phylum Apicomplexa, a taxonomic group of single-celled

plasmodium species that cause malaria.

parasites with characteristic secretory organelles at one end of the cell. Identify FOUR

SECTION B (60 MARKS)

Answer any three questions in this section

- 12. Chain of disease transmission refers to a logical sequence of factors that are essential to the development of the infectious agent and propagation of disease.
 - a) Explain SIX factors involved in the chain of disease transmission. (12 Marks)
 - b) Infections progress through a common pattern. The severity and duration of the steps in the pattern may vary among pathogens and hosts to some degree, but the overall pattern are similar. Describe FOUR main Stages of disease progression. (8 Marks)
- 13. Communicable diseases still account for the highest proportion of disease burden in the country, with the leading causes related to HIV/AIDS, malaria, and TB. With reference to the above statement describe the control and prevention measures of communicable diseases you will employ in your county of residence.
 - a) Identify SEVEN measures of attacking the source (7 Marks)
 - b) State SEVEN strategies for interrupting the transmission cycle. (7 Marks)
 - c) Explain THREE measures that can be used to protect the susceptible host. (6 Marks)
- 14. In a closed system or batch culture where no food is added and no wastes removed, bacteria will grow in a predictable pattern, resulting in a growth curve composed of four distinct phases of growth.
 - a) Using a microbial growth curve; describe FOUR phases of growth. (16 Marks)
 - b) Using a diagram; illustrate the microbial growth curve. (4 Marks)
- 15. The prevalence of Helminthic diseases among preschool children remains a public health challenge and this can have an effect on their physical growth.
 - a) Explain TWO risk factors of helminthic diseases. (4 Marks)
 - b) Identify FOUR helminthic diseases apart from Ascariasis. (4 Marks)
 - c) Explain the life cycle of Ascariasis. (12 Marks)

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