# BSN 125: Medical Virology and Parasitology EXAMS 2023 FOR PRE-SERVICE AND IN-SERVICE GROUPS

## **SECTION A: MCQ**

- 1. The specimen for the diagnosis of trichomoniasis in female is:
- A. Urine
- B. Lymph node biopsy
- C. Vaginal discharges
- D. Cervical biopsy

CORRECT ANSWER: C

- 2. The stool of the patient infected with this parasite is described as steatorrheic or gruelly
- A. Isospora belli
- B. Cryptosporidium hominis
- C. Entamoeba histolytica
- D. Giardia lamblia

CORRECT ANSWER: D

- 3. Flask shaped ulcers in the large intestine is associated with
- A. Giardia lamblia
- B. Ancylostoma duodenale
- C. Entamoeba histolytica
- D. Trichuris trichura

**CORRECT ANSWER: C** 

- 4. The usual infective stage of trematodes to man is the
- A. Cercariae
- B. Cyst
- C. Metacercariae
- D. Sporozoite

CORRECT ANSWER: C

- 5. What parasite whose migrating larvae break the pulmonary capillaries of man?
- A. Ancylostoma braziliense
- B. Ascaris lumbricoides
- C. Enterobius vermicularis
- D. Trichuris trichiura

**CORRECT ANSWER: B** 

- 6. The infective stage of Schistosoma to man is:
- A. Cercariae
- B. Embryonated egg
- C. Metacercariae
- D. Miracidium

CORRECT ANSWER: A

- 7. Obstructive uropathy is associated with infection of the following parasite
- A. Schistosoma haematobium
- B. Schistosoma japonicum
- C. Schistosoma mansoni
- D. Schistosoma mekongi

CORRECT ANSWER: A

- 8. Which one of the following parasites is associated with microcephaly?
- A. Plasmodium falciparum
- B. Toxoplasma gondii
- C. Trypanosoma brucei rhodesiense
- D. Leishmania donovani

CORRECT ANSWER: B

- 9. Perianal itching is associated with the following parasites:
- A. Strongyloides stercoralis
- B. Enterobius vermicularis
- C. Trichuris trichura
- D. Schistosoma mansoni

CORRECT ANSWER: B

- 10. This parasite can be transmitted transplacentally:
- A. Entamoeba histolytica
- B. Plasmodium falciparum
- C. Loa loa
- D. Echinococcus granulosus

**CORRECT ANSWER: B** 

- 11. Which of these drugs is recommended for the treatment of onchocerciasis?
- A. Oxamniquine
- B. Praziquantel
- C. Diethylcarbamazine (DEC)
- D. Ivermectin

CORRECT ANSWER: D

- 12. Concerning *Loa loa*, the following statement is true?
- A. Causes blindness
- B. Infection is found in West Africa and Central America
- C. Diethyl carbamazine (DEC) is the drug of choice in treating the infection
- D. Chrysops are the vectors of the parasite

CORRECT ANSWER: D

- 13. Use of latrines for disposal of human feces is useful in prevention of transmission of the following parasites?
- A. Onchocerca volvulus
- B. Balantidium coli
- C. Toxoplasma gondii
- D. Echinococcus granulosus

CORRECT ANSWER: B

- 14. The following parasitic infection is associated with megaloblastic anaemia: -
- A. Echinococcus granulosus
- B. Taenia solium
- C. Taenia saginata
- D. Diphyllobothrium latum

CORRECT ANSWER: D

- 15. Winter bottom sign is associated with infection by the following parasite: -
- A. Leishmania donovani
- B. Wuchereria bancrofti
- C. Trypanosoma brucei gambiensei
- D. *Trypanosoma cruzi* CORRECT ANSWER: C
- 16. Retroviruses belong to which group in Baltimore virus classification system?
- A. Group 3
- B. Group 7
- C. Group 5
- D. Group 6

#### Correct response: D

- 17. Vaccine is used in the following viral hepatitis **EXCEPT**?
- A. Hepatitis A
- B. Hepatitis B
- C. Hepatitis C
- D. Hepatitis E

### Correct response: C

- 18. Hepatitis C virus is classified under the following family?
- A. Picornaviridae
- B. Hepadnaviridae
- C. Flaviviridae
- D. Filoviridae

Correct response: C

- 19. An example of an RNA virus
  - A. Influenza A
  - B. Herpes
  - C. Hepatitis B
  - D. Adenovirus

#### ANSWER: A

- 20. One mode of transmission of rabies
  - A. Contact with cat faeces
  - B. Mosquito bite
  - C. Contact with dog saliva
  - D. Contact with blood of an infected patient

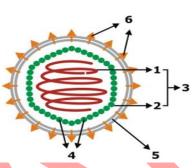
ANSWER: C

# **SECTION 2: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS 30 MARKS (5 marks each)**

- 1. List 5 different ways through with parasitic nematodes may be transmitted to humans and give a specific example of a parasite for each
- 2. Describe 5 different control and prevention strategies for the control of gastrointestinal helminth infections
- 3. Mention 5 complications associated with severe *Plasmodium falciparum* infection
- 4. Describe 5 clinical features due to infection with Wuchereria bancrofti
- 5. Explain the different modes of transmission of viruses
- 6. Write short notes on Hepatitis B virus (HBV) under the following sub-headings:
  - a) Transmission (1 mark)
  - b) Pathogenesis and clinical manifestation (2 marks)
  - c) HBV antibody immune response (2 marks)

SPOT EXAM: ATTACHED PPT 20 SPOTS

SPOT
Name the part labelled 3



- A. GenomeB. EnvelopeC. NucleocapsidD. CapsomeresANSWER: C