

AMREF INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF PHYSIOTHERAPY BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN PHYSIOTHERAPY DIRECT ENTRY) END OF SEMESTER APRIL, 2024 EXAMINATIONS

COURSE: PHT 128: BIOCHEMISTRY

DATE: 9TH APRIL 2024

Duration: 2 HOURS Start: 11.15PM Finish: 1.15PM

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This exam is out of 70 Marks

- 2. This Examination comprises THREE Sections. Section I: Multiple Choice Questions Section II: Short Answer Questions and Section III: Long Answer Questions
- 3. Answer ALL Questions.
- **4.** Use a physical calculator where applicable
- **5.** pKa value of formic acid= 3.75

SECTION I: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

1.	Which of the following are the major functions of Carbohydrates?
	A. Storage
	B. Structural framework
	C. Transport Materials
	D. Both Storage and structural framework
2.	-Which of these amino acids are essential for infants?
	A.Methionine
	B.Arginine and Histidine
	C. Valine
	D. Lysine and Leucine
3.	LDH ₁ and LDH ₂ are elevated in
	A. Myocardial infarction
	B. Liver disease
	C. Kidney disease
	D. Brain disease
4.	 All of the following statements are true for orotic aciduria. Except A. Orotic acid is excreted in urine. B. Anaemia is a symptom of this disease. C. Growth retardation is seen in affected people. D. Self mutilation is another symptom of this disease.
5.T	The ratio that approximates the number of net molecule of ATP formed per mole of Glucose
oxi	idized in presence of Oxygen to the net number formed in absence of Oxygen is:-
	4: 1 10: 2
C.	12: 1
D.	18: 1

A. An increased conversion of pyruvate to lactate	
B. Decreased oxidation of pyruvate of CO2 and water	
C. A decreased NADH/NAD+ ratio	
D. Decreased concentration of AMP	
8.Salvage pathway is used in the synthesis of	
A. Amino acid	
B. Carbohydrate	
C. Nucleotide	
D. Fatty acid	
9. At a pH below the isoelectric point, an amino acid exists as:-	
A. Cation	
B. Anion	
C. Zwitterion	
D. Undissociated molecule	
10. Serum amylase is increased in:-	
A. Acute parotitis	
B. Acute pancreatitis	
C. Pancreatic cancer	
D. All of these	
11. Carnitine is synthesized from:-	
A. Lysine and methionine	
B. Glycine and arginine	
C. Aspartate and glutamate	
D. Proline and hydroxyproline	
P	age 3 of 6

6. Which out of the following conditions is associated with hypouricemia?

7. Compared to the resting state, vigorously contracting muscle shows:-

A. Lesch Nyhan syndrome

B. Adenosine deaminase deficiency

C. Over activity of PRPP synthetase

D. Over activity of amido transferase:-

12. The most toxic compound is:-		
A. Tyrosine		
B. Phenylpyruvate		
C. Lysine		
D. Phenylalanine		
13. Prostaglandins are synthesized in the body from:-		
A. Myristic acid		
B. Arachidonic acid		
C. Stearic acid		
D. Lignoceric acid.		
14. Which of these is a hereditary disease caused due to an error in amino acid metabolism?		
A. Homocystinuria		
B. Albinism		
C. Phenylketonuria		
D. Branched-chain ketoaciduria		
15. The following statement is FALSE regarding ketone bodies:-		
A. They may result from starvation		
B. They are formed in kidneys		
C. They include acetoacetic acid and acetone		
D. They may be excreted in urine.		
16. A manifestation of vitamin A deficiency is:-		
A. Painful joints		
B. Night blindness		
C. Loss of hair		
D. Thickening of long bones		
17. Which of these non-covalent bonds in biological systems is usually the weakest?		
A. Van der waals interactions		
B. Ion-dipole interaction		
C. Hydrogen bond		
D. Hydrophobic interaction		

- 18. In a water molecule, hydrogens are partially _____, oxygens are partially _____
- A. Negative; positive
- B. Positive; positive
- C. Positive; negative
- D. Negative; negative
- 19. This statement about enzymes is true:
- A. Enzymes accelerate reactions by lowering the activation energy
- B. Enzymes are proteins whose three-dimensional form is key to their function
- C. Enzymes do not alter the overall change in free energy for a reaction
- D. All of these
- 20. Koshland proposed which model:
- A. Fluid mosaic model
- B. Induced fit model
- C. Lock and key model
- D. Reflective index model



SECTION II: SHORT ASSAY QUESTIONS (30 MARKS)

- Outline **THREE** uses of Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide Phosphate reduced(NADPH), generated in Pentose shunt. (3 Marks)
- 2. Calculate the pH of 1 L solution containing 0.1 M formic acid and 0.1 M sodium formate before and after the addition of 1 mL of 5 M NaOH. How much would the pH change if the NaOH were added to 1L of pure water? (5 Marks)
- 3. Explain:
 - a. The fate of pyruvate in the cell (4½ Marks)
 - b. Phenylketonuria disorder (1½ Marks)
 - c. Mechanism of action of Allopurinol drug in minimizing uric acid excretion. (3 Marks)
- 4. Regarding fats
 - a. Explain why we require fats in our diet. (2 Marks)
 - b. Outline three (3) outstanding differences between biosynthesis and β oxidation of fatty acids.
 (3 Marks)
- 5. Outline Four (4) roles of metabolism. (4 Marks)
- 6. List **TWO** biomedical importance of amino acids. (2 Marks)
- 7. Highlight FOUR (4) key enzymes of gluconeogenesis (2 Marks)

SECTION C: LONG ASSAY QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer **ONLY ONE** Question

- 1. (a) i. Derive Henderson-Hasselbalch equation. (4 Marks)
 - ii. What is the Henderson-Hasselbalch equation's application? (2 Marks)
 - iii. Explain **THREE** limitations of Henderson-Hasselbalch equation (6 Marks)
 - (b) Describe **FOUR** characteristics of water. (8 Marks)
- 2. (a) Describe in details various characteristic properties of enzymes. (12 Marks)
 - (b) Describe the TWO proposed theories that justifies mechanisms of enzyme action. (8 Marks)