

# AMREF INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF NURSING AND MIDWIFERY SCIENCES KENYA REGISTERED COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING END OF SEMESTER AUGUST 2024 EXAMINATIONS

COURSE CODE AND TITLE: DNS 123: MIDWIFERY I

DATE: Tuesday 13th August 2024

TIME: 2 HOURS Start: 0900 HOURS Finish: 1100 HOURS

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. This exam will be marked out of 70 Marks
- 2. ALL Questions are compulsory.
- 3. The Examination has Three Sections: Section I- Multiple Choice Questions, Section II: Short Answer Questions, Section III: Long Essay Questions
- **4.** Answer all Questions in the ANSWER BOOKLET provided
- 5. Do not write anything on the question paper
- **6.** Use the back of your booklet for rough work if need be.

# SECTION I: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

1. The biggest part of the uterus is the:

A. Body
B. Fundus
C. Cornua
D. Fallopian tube
2. The four arches of vaginal vault forms the:
A. Fornices
B. vestibule
C. Fourchette
D. Isthmus
3. The strongest pelvic joint is:
A. Symphysis pubis
B. Mento vertical
C. Sacro coccygeal
D. Sacro spinous
4. The ethical principle that bounds patient to refuse or choose their treatment is:
A. Beneficence
B. Non maleficence
C. Respect for autonomy
D. Justice
5: Physiological changes in cardiovascular system in pregnancy include:
A. Decreased blood volume and heart rate
B. Increased stroke volume and heart rate
C. Increased blood pressure and heart rate
D. Decreased colloid pressure and stroke volume

- 6. The ligaments that maintain the body of the uterus in anteversion position is:
  - A. Broad ligament
  - B. Pubocervical ligament
  - C. Utero sacral ligament
  - D. Transverse ligament
- 7. In mechanism of normal labour, restitution allows:
  - A. The bregma, forehead, face and chin to pass over the perineum
  - B. The head to right itself with the shoulders by untwisting the neck
  - C. The head and the shoulders to emerge in the antero-posterior diameter
- D. The head emerge under the pubic arch and no longer recede during contraction 6.In normal pregnancy at 20 weeks gestation the fundus is:
  - A. At the symphysis pubis
  - B. At the umbilicus
  - C. Two fingers below the umbilicus
  - D. Just above the umbilicus
- 7. Longitudinal diameter of the fetal skull include:
  - A. Sub-mento bregmatic, bi-parietal,
  - B. Mental vertical, bi-temporal
  - C. Bitemporal, bi-parietal
  - D. Sub-occipital bregmatic, mental vertical

8.Fetal eyes, ears and nose develop to form:

- A. Inner cell mass
- B. Endoderm
- C. Mesoderm
- D. Ectoderm
- 11. Osiander's sign, a probable sign of pregnancy is:
  - A. Pulsation at the posterior fornices of the cervix
  - B. Softening at the level of isthmus
  - C. Ballotment of the fetus
  - D. Bluing of the vagina
- 12. Transverse diameter of the fetal skull include:
  - A. Bi-parietal, bi-temporal
  - B. Bitemporal, mento-vertical
  - C. Occipital frontal, mento-vertical
  - D. Bi-parietal, occipital frontal
- 13. Functional closure of foramen ovale takes place:
  - A. 10-96 hours after birth
  - B. Within several minutes after birth
  - C. One year after birth
  - D. 2-3 weeks after birth
- 14. The difference between cow's milk and human breast milk is that cow's milk contains:
  - A. More proteins, less calcium and less carbohydrates
  - B. Less proteins, less calcium and more carbohydrates
  - C. More proteins, more calcium and less carbohydrates
  - D. Less protein, more calcium and more carbohydrates

- 15. The term presentation means the:
  - A. Baby has sunk into the lower uterine segment
  - B. Part of the fetus, which lies in the lower pole of the uterus and leads the way
  - C. Largest diameters of the fetal skull have passed through the pelvic brim
  - D. Part of the fetus used to indicate the position
- 16. Injection Tramal is preferred for pain relief during labour because it:
  - A. Abolishes 95% labour pain offering almost painless labour
  - B. Is centrally acting and does not depress respiratory centre of the newborn
  - C. Relaxes spasms of the lower uterine segment aiding in cervical dilatation
  - D. Sedates the mother during labour
- 17. The following observation are charted half hourly while monitoring labour using a partograph:
  - A. Fetal descent, Cervical dilatation, Moulding
  - B. Colour of amniotic fluid, cervical dilatation, fetal descent
  - C. Moulding, Uterine contraction, Fetal descent
  - D. Fetal heart rate, Colour of amniotic fluid, maternal pulse rate
- 18. Active Management of Third Stage of Labour (AMSTL) includes:
  - A. Early cord clamping, Controlled Cord Traction, delaying oxytocin administration
  - B. Administration of Oxytocin, Fundal pressure to deliver placenta, delayed cord clamping
  - C. Delayed cord clamping. Oxytocin administration, Controlled Cord Traction
  - D. Early cord clamping, Oxytocin administration, Controlled Cord Traction

- 19. The reflex that causes a baby's toes to spread upon stroking the foot is:
  - A. Moro reflex
  - B. Babinski reflex
  - C.Crossed extension reflex
  - D.Deep tendon reflex
- 20. The primary hormone that stimulate the secretion of milk from the mammary gland is:
  - A. Prolactin
  - B. Oxytocin
  - C. Estrogen
  - D.Progesterone

## **SECTION II: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 MARKS)**

- 21. Draw a chart illustrating the Measurements of pelvic canal of true female pelvis 5 marks
- 22. State three (3) anatomical variations of the placenta (3marks)
- 23. State four (4) physiological changes of the skin during pregnancy (4 marks)
- 24. Outline five (5) presumptive signs of second stage of labor (5marks)
- 25. Explain the uterine changes that occur during puerperium (6 marks)
- 26. State three (3) signs of good breastfeeding attachment (3marks)
- 27. State three (3)minor disorders of the newborn (3marks)

# SECTION III: LONG ANSWER QUESTION (20 MARKS)

- **28** . Mrs. Y, para 0+0 attends the antenatal clinic for the first time at 28weeks of gestation
  - a) State three (3) objectives of booking an antenatal mother (2 marks)
  - b) Describe the history you will gather from Mrs. during this clinic visit (10 marks)
  - c) Explain who you will perform leorpods maneuver to Mrs. Y (8 marks)