

# AMREF INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF NURSING & MIDWIFERY SCIENCES END OF SEPTEMBER- DECEMBER 2024 SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

COURSE CODE AND TITLE: BSN 217- HUMAN NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

**DATE:** 

TIME: 2 HOURS START: 9:00AM END: 11:00AM

### Instructions

- 1) This exam is out of 70
- 2) This paper has three sections: Section I: Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) (20 marks), Section II: Short answer questions (SAQ) (30 marks) and Section III: Long answer question (LAQ) (20marks)
- 3) Answer ALL questions in Section I and Section II and III
- 4) Answer all the questions in the examination booklets provided
- 5) Any rough work to be done at the back of the answer booklet

## SECTION I: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

- 1. The primary function of dietary fiber is to: -
  - A. Provide energy
  - B. Promote bone health
  - C. Aid in digestion and prevent constipation
  - D. Build muscle tissue
- 2. The following is NOT a water-soluble vitamin: -
  - A. Vitamin C
  - B. Vitamin B12
  - C. Vitamin A
  - D. Vitamin B6
- 3. The main storage form of glucose in the human body: -
  - A. Starch
  - B. Sucrose
  - C. Glycogen
  - D. Cellulose
- 4. Pellagra is caused by a deficiency of vitamin: -
  - A. Thiamine
  - B. Riboflavin
  - C. Niacin
  - D. Vitamin B12
- 5. The nutrient most crucial for muscle growth and repair: -
  - A. Fat
  - B. Vitamin D
  - C. Protein
  - D. Carbohydrate
- 6. The recommended daily intake of dietary fiber for adults is: -
  - A. 5-10 grams
  - B. 15-20 grams
  - C. 25-38 grams
  - D. 40-50 grams
- 7. The following is NOT a function of water in the body: -
  - A. Temperature regulation
  - B. Nutrient transport
  - C. Lubricating joints
  - D. Providing energy
- 8. The type of fat should be minimized in the diet to reduce the risk of heart disease: -
  - A. Trans fats

B. Monounsaturated fats
C. Polyunsaturated fats
D. Omega-3 fatty acids
9. The mineral important for bone health and blood clotting: -
A. Iron
B. Magnesium
C. Calcium
D. Sodium
10. A nutrient that provides the highest amount of energy per gram is: -
A. Carbohydrates
B. Protein
C. Fat
D. Water
11. The following is a symptom of protein-energy malnutrition: -
A. Goiter
B. Osteoporosis C. Kwashiorkor
<ul><li>D. Hypertension</li><li>12. The process of converting glucose into energy is called: -</li></ul>
12. The process of converting glucose into energy is caned.
A. Glycolysis
B. Gluconeogenesis
C. Metabolism
D. Digestion
13. The following is a complete source of protein: -
15. The following to a complete of probability
A. Rice
B. Beans
C. Eggs
D. Wheat
14. Excessive intake of which vitamin can be toxic to the body; -
A. Vitamin C
B. Vitamin A
C. Vitamin B12
D. Vitamin B6
15. The dietary component is essential for forming the cell membrane structure is: -
A. Protein
B. Lipids
C. Carbohydrates
D. Water
16. The primary role of vitamins in the body is: -
10. The printing role of vitalinis in the body is.

- A. Provide energy
- B. Facilitate metabolic processes
- C. Build muscle
- D. Store fat
- 17. The following is a symptom of iron-deficiency anemia: -
  - A. Bone fractures
  - B. Fatigue
  - C. Loss of vision
  - D. Increased appetite
- 18. The main purpose of health promotion is: -
  - A. To manage disease symptoms
  - B. To reduce and control risks to health
  - C. To diagnose diseases early
  - D. To increase medication use
- 19. Who is known as the "Father of Nutrition and Chemistry"?
  - A. Dr. James Lind
  - B. Antoine Lavoisier
  - C. Christian Eijkman
  - D. Dr. Casmir Funk
- 20. A common source of dietary fiber is: -
  - A. Beef
  - B. Butter
  - C. Whole grains
  - D. Fish

### SECTION II: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS 30MARKS

- 1. Outline functions of five (5) essential nutrients required by the human body (5 marks)
- 2. Explain five (5) difference between saturated and unsaturated fats (5 marks)
- 3. Outline five (5) health implications of a diet high in trans fats (5 marks)
- 4. Outline five (5) roles of protein in maintaining body structure and function (5 marks)
- 5. Outline five (5) principles of dietary management of diabetes mellitus (5 marks)
- 6. outline five (5) advantages of anthropometric measurements in assessing nutritional status (5 marks)

# **SECTION III: LONG ANSWER QUESTION 20 MARKS**

1. Nutritional requirements must be determined in evaluation of population health.

i. Describe the nutritional requirements and special needs for each of the following:

a) Infancy and early childhood (5 marks)

b) Pregnant mothers (5 marks)

c) Lactating mothers (5 marks)

d) Geriatrics (5 marks)

