

AMREF INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF NURSING & MIDWIFERY SCIENCES End of Semester December 2024 EXAMINATIONS

COURSE CODE AND TITLE: BSN 223- Immunology

DATE: TUESDAY 3RD 2024

Duration: 2 HOURS **Start**: 9:00 AM **Finish**: 11:00 AM

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This exam is out of 70 marks

- 2. This Examination comprises THREE Sections. Section I: Multiple Choice Questions (20 marks) Section II: Short Answer Questions (30 marks) and Section III: Long Answer Questions (20 marks)
- 3. Answer ALL Questions.
- **4.** Do Not write anything on the question paper -use the back of your booklet for rough work if need be.

SECTION I: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS) 1. The following cells is involved in the presentation of antigens to T cells: -A. Mast cells B. Natural killer cells C. Dendritic cells D. Monocytes 2. The main function of the complement system in the immune response: -A. Antigen presentation B. Phagocytosis C. Antibody production D. Cell lysis and inflammation 3. The primary function of regulatory T cells (Tregs) in the immune system: -A. Antibody production B. Cytotoxicity against infected cells C. Immune memory formation D. Suppression of excessive immune responses 4. The following sources is not associated with Pathogen-Associated Molecular Patterns (PAMPs): -A. Bacterial products B. Viral products C. Exogenous substances from inert sources D. Fungal products 5. The immunoglobulin is the most abundant in serum and is involved in secondary immune responses: -A. IgA B. IgE C. IgG D. IgM 6. Which cytokine is involved in the activation of cytotoxic T cells and natural killer (NK) cells: -

- A. Interleukin-2 (IL-2)
- B. Tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-α)
- C. Interferon-gamma (IFN-γ)
- D. Interleukin-4 (IL-4)
- 7. ______ is the unique set of antigenic determinants of the variable of an immunoglobulin molecule.
 - A. Paratope
 - B. Idiotype
 - C. Idiotope
 - D. Isotype

- 8. A cytokine is involved in the differentiation of B cells into plasma cells for antibody production: -
 - A. Interleukin-2 (IL-2)
 - B. Tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF- α)
 - C. Interferon-gamma (IFN-γ)
 - D. Interleukin-4 (IL-4)
- 9. In the context of transplantation, what is graft-versus-host disease (GVHD): -
 - A. Rejection of a transplanted organ
 - B. Immune response against self-antigens
 - C. Immune attack by transplanted cells against the host
 - D. Development of autoantibodies
- 10. The immunodeficiency disorder is characterized by a lack of B and T lymphocytes, resulting in severe combined immune deficiency:
 - A. DiGeorge syndrome
 - B. X-linked agammaglobulinemia
 - C. Common variable immunodeficiency (CVID)
 - D. Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome
- 11. The type of immune cell is most directly involved in the destruction of intracellular pathogens, such as viruses, through the release of perforins and granzymes: -
 - A. B cells
 - B. Cytotoxic T cells
 - C. Helper T cells
 - D. Macrophages
- 12. A 35-year-old female experiences joint pain, swelling, and morning stiffness lasting more than 30 minutes. Rheumatoid factor and anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (anti-CCP) antibodies are elevated. What autoimmune disorder is likely present; -
 - A. Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)
 - B. Rheumatoid arthritis
 - C. Sjögren's syndrome
 - D. Polymyositis
 - E. Ankylosing spondylitis
- 13. The term for the process by which immune cells are attracted to and migrate toward a site of infection or inflammation: -
 - A. Opsonization
 - B. Chemotaxis
 - C. Anaphylaxis
 - D. Hypersensitivity
- 14. An adjuvant: -
 - A. Increases the size of the immunogen
 - B. enhances the immunogenicity of haptens
 - C. increases the chemical complexity of the immunogen
 - D. enhances the immune response to the immunogen

- 15. The main function of MHC class II molecules in antigen presentation is: -
 - A. Presentation of endogenous antigens to cytotoxic T cells
 - B. Presentation of exogenous antigens to helper T cells
 - C. Presentation of viral antigens to natural killer cells
 - D. Activation of complement system
- 16. The DNA for an H chain in a B-cell making IgG2 antibody for diphtheria toxoid has the following structure: 5'-V17D5J2 $C\gamma2$ - $C\gamma4$ - $C\varepsilon$ - $C\alpha2$ -3'. How many individual rearrangements were required to go from the embryonic DNA to this B-cell DNA: -
 - A. 1
 - B. 2
 - C. 3
 - D. 4
- 17. In immunology, what is the term for the process by which antibodies enhance the phagocytosis of pathogens by immune cells?
 - A. Opsonization
 - B. Chemotaxis
 - C. Anaphylaxis
 - D. Hypersensitivity
- 18. The migration of leukocytes from blood circulation into the tissues where there is an infection following chemical signals is known as: -
 - A. Extravasation
 - B. Chemotaxis
 - C. Tropism
 - D. Diapedesis
- 19. The term for the process by which immune cells recognize self-antigens and are eliminated is: -
 - A. Tolerance
 - B. Sensitization
 - C. Immunization
 - D. Hyperreactivity
- 20. A 28-year-old male presents with a pruritic rash with silvery scales on the elbows and knees. What autoimmune disorder is suggested by these skin findings?
 - A. Psoriasis
 - B. Dermatomyositis
 - C. Systemic sclerosis
 - D. Vitiligo

SECTION II: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

- 21. Briefly explain the FOUR (4) major characteristics of the adaptive immune response. (8 marks)
- 22. Explain three (3) compliment system pathways and in each pathway name the trigger substance (6 marks)
- 23. State four (4) fates of Self-reactive B cells

(4 marks)

24. Explain three(3) effector mechanisms of the activated T cell?

(6 marks)

- 25. Outline TWO (2) molecules, found on pathogens and damaged tissues, that are recognized by innate immune cells through Toll-like receptors (TLR). (2 marks)
- 26. Outline FOUR (4) main antigen presenting cells in the human body. (4 marks)

SECTION III: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

(20 MARKS)

- 27. Hypersensitivity is an exaggerated immune response following exposure to antigen;
 - a. Discuss the four (4) types of hypersensitivity reactions.

(12 marks)

b. Explain four (4) Triggers of the hypersensitivity reactions above (8 amrks)