



**AMREF INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY  
SCHOOL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES  
DEPARTMENT OF NURSING & MIDWIFERY SCIENCES  
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MIDWIFERY  
END OF TRIMESTER EXAMINATIONS JULY/AUG 2022**

**BSM 323 Gender & Human Sexuality**

**DATE: 4<sup>th</sup> August, 2022**

**TIME: 2 Hours**

**Start: 9:00 AM**

**Finish: 11:00 AM**

**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. This exam is marked out of 70 marks.
2. This exam has three sections: Section A, section B and section C.
3. All questions are compulsory.
4. Answer all questions in the booklet provided.

## SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (10 MARKS)

1. Adverse mental health outcomes of gender based violence include:-
  - a. Unwanted pregnancies and suicide
  - b. Depression and homicide
  - c. Obsessive compulsive disorder and permanent disability
  - d. Low-self-esteem and anxiety
2. Trans-sexual individuals;
  - a. Are homosexuals
  - b. Lack the typical genitalia
  - c. Alter their biological sex
  - d. Possess both male and female genitalia
3. Immediate complications of FGM/C include;
  - a. Infertility, shock, psychological trauma
  - b. Adhesions, infections, bleeding
  - c. Obstetric fistula, infertility, shock
  - d. Shock, pain, psychological trauma
4. The neurotransmitter associated with increase in sexual activity is;
  - a. Serotonin
  - b. Dopamine
  - c. Oxytocin
  - d. Testosterone
5. Indicate if the following statement is ***True or False:***
  - a. Maternal mortality is the death of a pregnant woman at any gestational age or within 42 days of termination irrespective of cause.
  - b. Direct maternal death results from worsening of existing conditions by pregnancy or delivery

6. Match the gender terms in column A with their corresponding descriptions in column B.

**Column A**

- a) Gender mainstreaming
- b) Gender equity

**Column B**

- I. Equal treatment of men and women so that they can enjoy the benefits of development
  - II. Practice of fairness to both men and women in the distribution of resources
  - III. A process of incorporating a gender perspective into all the processes of an organisation
  - IV. A systematic way of examining the roles that men and women do in a certain society
7. A sexual dysfunction experienced by both men and women is;
- a. Orgasmic difficulty
  - b. Dyspareunia
  - c. Inhibited sexual desire
  - d. Frigidity
8. Sex disaggregated data means;
- a. Data on sex characteristics
  - b. Data on gender equality
  - c. Information that is presented separately for women and men
  - d. Information used in gender analysis
9. Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or False
- a. Androgen insufficiency is associated with low female sexual desire
  - b. Diabetes is associated with neurogenic impotence
10. Common gender stereotypes associated with men are;
- a. Dependency, men are leaders, men are supporters
  - b. Men are leaders, independency, competitiveness
  - c. Being supportive, being passive, men are leaders
  - d. Men are emotional, men are brave, competitiveness

## **SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)**

1. Outline five (5) differences between gender and sex (5marks)
2. Identify five (5) positive consequences of sexual behavior (5marks)
3. State six (6) roles that men can play in Sexual Maternal and New-born health (6 marks)
4. Explain three (3) interventions for menopausal women (6 marks)
5. State six factors associated with male infertility (6 marks)
6. Outline three (3) transmitters involved in sexual arousal (3 marks)
7. State four (4) sexual disorders in women(4 marks)
8. Outline five (5) sexual rights(5 marks)

## **SECTION C: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)**

1. Gender based violence is an issue of reproductive health concern.
  - a. Define gender based violence (1 mark)
  - b. Explain five (5) forms of gender based violence (5 marks)
  - c. Describe the effects of gender based violence on health (14 marks)