

AMREF INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF NURSING & MIDWIFERY SCIENCES BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING END OF SEPTEMBER -DECEMBER TRIMESTER EXAMINATIONS

BSN 127 COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING 1

DATE: 2ND DECEMBER, 2022

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hours

TIME: 11.00AM -1.00PM

TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. This exam is marked out of 70 marks
- 2. The exam has 2 sections: Section A and B
- 3. All questions are compulsory.
- 4. Do not write on the question paper. Use the back of the answer booklet for any rough work

SECTIO1N A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQS) 20 MARKS

- 1. The health services at the county level are supported by:
 - a. Organized elderly persons
 - b. Ministry of health personnel
 - c. Minister for health and development
 - d. Intersectoral organisations
- 2. The most common challenge in promoting the health of children in the community is:
 - a. Traditional beliefs.
 - b. Choice of foods.
 - c. Common language for communication.
 - d. Selected foods.
- 3. The most important elements of Primary Health Care (PHC):
 - a. Malaria control and maternal child health
 - b. Dental health and mental health
 - c. Health education
 - d. HIV treatment and control and sanitation
- 4. Universal health care
 - a. Provides an expensive health care
 - b. Provides affordable health care
 - c. Provides health care with a difference
 - d. Provides quality health care as diagnosed
- 5. Most of the learning about the community is usually through
 - a. Planned curriculum
 - b. Socialization
 - c. Social learning theory
 - d. Class room teaching

- 6. The following study explores in-depth information of a phenomena in research:
 - a. Quantitative study
 - b. Qualitative study
 - c. Retrospective study
 - d. Progressive study
- 7. The health services at the county level are headed by:
 - a. County executive Officer of Health
 - b. County Medical Officer of Health
 - c. County Executive Health Committee member
 - d. County executive public health officer
- 8. An expected rise in the number of disease cases in a specific geographical area is referred to as:
 - a. Endemic disease
 - b. Pandemic
 - c. Epidemic
 - d. Communicable
- 9. A serious challenge to community health is:
 - a. Financial constraints
 - b. Containment of infectious diseases
 - c. Non-receptive communities
 - d. Political interferences
- 10. The community sub-system that comprises of family beliefs and kinship structures is:
 - a. Health care
 - b. Socio-cultural
 - c. Religious
 - d. Family subsystem
- 11. Characteristics of Primary Health Care that ensures that health services are geographically and financially within easy reach by the whole community is:
 - a. Affordable
 - b. Available
 - c. Acceptable
 - d. Accessible

- 12. Disease that is always present in in the community is:
 - a. Sporadic
 - b. Pandemic
 - c. Epidemic
 - d. Endemic

13. The immunity developed by an individual after recovering from an infectious disease is:-

- a. Herd immunity
- b. Natural passive immunity
- c. Artificial active immunity
- d. Natural active immunity
- 14. Substances added to vaccines to enhance their immune response are referred to as
 - a. Stabilizers
 - b. Diluents
 - c. Adjuvants
 - d. Preservatives
- 15. A community health unit (CHU) serves:
 - a. 100 people
 - b. 20 households
 - c. 5000 people
 - d. 1000 households
- 16. The mother of community health nursing in America was:
 - a. Lillian Wald
 - b. Florence nightingale
 - c. Madeleine Leininger
 - d. Hildegard Peplau

- 17. The target population for immunization in Kenya.
 - a. Women of child bearing age
 - b. Girls aged 10 years
 - c. General population at risk
 - d. Children under the age of five years
- 18. The type of family that consists of father mother and children:
 - a. Polyandrous family
 - b. Nuclear family
 - c. Consanguine family
 - d. Extended patriarchal family
- 19. Demographic transition pyramid stage that depicts a well-developed population is:
 - a. Stage 1 pyramid (High fertility, high mortality)
 - b. Stage 2 pyramid (High fertility, declining mortality)
 - c. Stage 3 pyramid (Declining fertility, low mortality)
 - d. Stage 4 pyramid (Low fertility, low mortality)

20. BCG vaccine is

- a. Toxoid vaccine
- b. Live attenuated vaccine
- c. Killed vaccine
- d. Inactivated vaccine

SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (SAQS) 50 MARKS

- 1. Explain the (5) components of health belief model
- 2. Describe the natural history of disease
- 3. State five (5) features of portent vaccine
- 4. Outline five (5) ways of reducing missed opportunities in an immunization programs (5 marks)
- 5. Explain the concept of ethical principles.
- 6. Explain the principles of community health in Kenya
- 7. Explain the original 8 elements of primary health care

(5 marks) (10 marks)

(10 marks)

(5marks)

(10 marks)

(5 marks)